PRICE ONE CENT.

EVENING EDITION.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1887.

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ALFRED LIKED HER STYLE.

SEQUEL TO THE STORY OF MRS. SADIE SIDELINGER'S ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

How a Young Boston Carriage-Maker' Heart Was Won by a Girl Whom He Had Never Seen-Her Ability as a Housekeeper and Her Freedom With a Poke She Was Once a New Yorker.

SPECIAL TO THE WORLD. 1

Boston, Dec. 28.—There is a strange story surrounding the life of Mrs. Sadie R. Side linger, who attempted suicide on Washington street Wednesday evening.

The husband, who is a carriage-maker em ployed in Beverly street, was seen yesterday afternoon, and told the following story : 'The newspapers have unconsciously done

me an injury in this affair. Yet one cannot blame them under the circumstances. To place my name right before the public I will relate the story of our marriage, which has been brought to such an unfortunate end :

"On June 2 of the present year I went to my work as usual in the morning and on my way through the West End bought a Globe. On the first page was the story of a woman's downfall which impressed me more forcibly than anything I had ever read. It told of a fair young girl who had been betrayed by a ranchman under promise of marriage. Her name was Olive Sutton. She had appeared at Jefferson Market Police Court, in New York City, as a complainant against a woman's house on Rivington street, but finding that it was not a proper place, had left. The night previous she had returned to get her trunk, and as soon as she entered the house she had been assaulted."

SADIE'S NEW YORK ADVENTURE.

At this point Mr. Sidelinger took from his pocket a Globe of June 2, and read the following: "Miss Sutton told the story of her life to Agent Young, of Mr. Gerry's society. She is well educated and very pretty, in spite of the bruises that disfigure her. She says she is twenty-six years old, and was born in Canada. Her parents were wealthy and spared no pains on her education. She was sent to the Convent of the Sacred Heart in Montreal, and remained there until she was eighteen. Three years ago she there met a young man who represented himself as a wealthy ranch-owner in the West. He persuaded her to marry him and go West. In Boston his money gave out and he deserted her, leaving her penniless. Then she obtained a situation as school teacher and supported herself for two years. She acknowledged with tears that she had been led astray and came to New York two weeks ago to lead a different life. She had recommendations from several schools in Boston, speaking highly of her ability and character. At her own request she was sent to the House of Detention as she had no

money."

'The day passed," continued Mr. Sidelinger, "and I could not keep the story out of my mind. It seemed unfortunate that a girl should be so persecuted, and although I knew that such persons were not always what they claimed to be, I felt that this story was true.

"I went to bed that night thinking about the case, and the next morning it was uppermost in my mind.

"Was there no way in which I could aid her? I asked myself the question. It was true I was earning good wages and would not miss a few dollars, but aid of that sort would be temporary, while I wished to do something that would materially benefit the girl in time to come.

would be temporary, while I wished to do something that would materially benefit the girl in time to come.

"After long consideration I wrote a letter to the Clerk of Essex Market Court requesting information about Miss Sutton. I asked him to see that she received the note I inclosed, tegether with a small sum of money. I told her in my letter that I had read of her troubles and that I regretted that she had found life so hard in Boston. If she wished to return to this city I should be pleased to add her in procuring a situation, either teaching or in business. I begged her to accept the money, saying that, although she had been unfortunate. Boston nevertheless contained many kind-hearted people who would never have seen her suffer had her difficulties been known.

ALFRED LIKED HER STYLE.

ALPRED LIKED HER STYLE.

"I received a brief reply in a few days, thanking me for the money, which she ac-cepted as a loan, and expressing a desire to return to Boston if she could procure means

return to Boston if she could procure means of support.

"I liked her style, and without other thoughts than those of charity I sent her a ticket via the Fall River line. She did not come that way, however, and I afterwards learned that she pawned the ticket for \$1.50 and came by rall.

"On reaching this city I met her, and as she did not have a place to go to I took her to my boarding-house in the West End, where I turned her over into the hands of the landlady. There was no suitable room for her to occupy, on which account I gave up my own quarters and took a hall room on the floor below.

below.

"A month passed, and I grew to like her, although I was paying attention to a young lady in another portion of the city. I told her that I expected to get married before long. She said nothing, but afterwards approach yery unhappy.

BECAUSE SHE LOVED HIM SO.

"One day I asked why this change had come over her. Crying bitterly she said that she had made up her mind to leave Boston forever. I urged her to tell me why, and she replied because she loved me and could not bear to look upon my face, knowing that another would be my wife. It was this action on her part that decided me.

"I gave up going to see the other girl, and after a few days married Sadie. This was in July last, but I cannot remember the date.

"We had met under strange circumstances."

"We had met under strange circumstances, and I looked forward to a pleasant life, but was doomed to disappointment from the first. "We went down to my father's in Appleton, Me., on our wedding trip. While there she made it so unpleasant for the old folks that they were glad when we came away.

SADIE NOT A HOUSEKERPER.

"I returned to Boston in October, one week before my wife, and secured rooms at 82 Poplar street, which I furnished for house-keeping. It cost me considerable money, but I thought that when Sadie was settled in a home of her own she would feel differently towards me. We began housekeeping under favorable conditions, but they did not long exist. She took no care of the rooms, and they got to be in a terrible condition. The dishes were not washed and the beds left unmade, while my soiled linen lay in the clothes basket for weeks. I would come home at noon and find no preparation for dinner and it was just the same at supper time.

"Sadie left beef that I beyend them at an extensive the same at supper time."

"Sadie left beef that I brought home stay uncooked until it spoiled, and then took it around among the neighbors to show what kind of a provider I was and under what the state of the spoiled around a spoile of the spoile of th terrible conditions we lived. Even in a time so short my home became the most miserable place in the world. When other men by my side finished their day's labor and looked forward to a pleasant evening with their

family I wished that work would last all

anish I wished that work would last an night so that I could forget my home.

"Then another obstacle came in our way. Sadie got mad with the landlady. The letter was not in the habit of having any portion of her house kept in the way my tenement was, and she suggested the fact to Mrs. Sidelinger. A quarrel was the result.

"Up to this time I had known very little of my wife's past life. She had dropped hints occasionally and from these I gleaned some facts. She had travelled with a showman, who was a crack rifle shot. He made up as a cowboy and had appeared at Austin & Stone's museum, on Tremont row. She had been with him for a long time, appearing as his partner on the stage. They had lived together as man and wife. She had also been on the road with cheap circus companies and shows and had an ambition to try the stage again. I opposed this idea at the start, saying that it was against my wishes and assuring her that unless some unforseen accident occurred I should earn enough for both. SHE HAD BEEN ON THE STAGE.

SHE IS A POKER PLAYER.

**She is a poken player.

"Not long after this I found a letter at the house from Mr. Keith, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre, offering her a week's engagement at his house in Providence and a second at the Bijou. I used every means in my power to prevent her accepting; but what can a man do when a woman beats him over the head with a coal-hod and a stove-poker every time he opposes her wishes?

"The upshot of the matter was she decided to go, and I had to spend \$70 in fitting her out with dresses. Her week at Providence was to begin the 19th. She left the Saturday previous. I gave her \$11 in cash. Monday I got a telegram from Providence saying she was sick and for me to come down and see her. I was between two fires. My landlady said I could never bring her back there and my wife did not want to live with me if she could get off on the road. I had done the best I could and felt that it was time for me to pull out of the harness. So I sold off my furniture and would have gone to Appleton if my boss had not urged me to stay with him.

HAPPINESS NEEDED IN MATRIMONY.

HAPPINESS NEEDED IN MATRIMONY

"I cannot say anything regarding the attempted suicide. I have always used my wife well, and took the course I pursued as a last resort. I entertain no hard feelings towards the woman, and have cited the above sketch of our lives merely to place myself right before the public. I have been unfortunate notwithstanding a purpose that was worthy, and have come to the belief that happiness is a necessary condition of matrimony."

Mrs. Sidelinger is still at the City Hospital, but physicians say they found no indications that she had swallowed laudanum.

More About Mrs. Sidelinger.

[SPECIAL TO THE WOBLD.] PROVIDENCE, Dec. 23 .- Mrs. Alfred R. Side inger, who attempted suicide on Washington street, Boston, was billed at the Gaiety Theatre this week as "Miss Ollie Sutton, the charming vocalist." Last week she visited B. F. Keith the manager of the Gaiety Museum, while in Boston, and told a pitiful story seum, while in Boston, and told a pittful story of distress and misfortune, stating that her husband was bedridden, and asked for an engagement. She represented herself as Ollie Sutton, one of the Sutton Sisters, serio-comic vocalists. She came to this city on Friday last and registered at the Musée Hotel, on Aborn street. On Monday she was the first to open the show. She gave some old-fashioned English ballads.

Whether discouraged or preoccupied by

Whether discouraged or preoccupied by something else she did not explain, but sent word to the stage manager that her voice had failed and that she would not appear again. She proceeded to the hotel and made com-

She proceeded to the hotel and made complete change of attire, and leaving her trunk as security for her board left the place.

The last seen of the woman here, she was riding in a gurney at midnight with a festive grocery clerk, and it is stated that both went to Boston the next morning.

Mrs. Sidelinger's relatives live in a small town not far from Boston. She became quite well known in this city a year ago, having several engagements at the Gaiety under the old management. She was in reduced circumstances at that time and, with her infant son. she was ejected with another fant son, she was ejected with another woman from a tenement-house on Blackstone woman from a tenement-house on Blackstone street. After that she became a housekeeper for a woman named Tootsy at Park and Reservoir avenues, a couple of miles out of

A Rallway Enterprise Assured.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
ERIE, Pa., Dec. \$2.—The Erie extension of the Shenango and Allegheny Railroad is now an asanred fact. Official information to-night from M. 8. Frost, of New York City, representing over 8. Frost, of New York City, representing over \$600,000 of the first mortgage bonded indebtedness, says that the rails for the entire extension from Greenville to this port have been purchased; that a large force is employed laying rails over that a large force is employed laying rails over the graded road from Greenville, north; that a meeting for organization will be held Jan. 5; that the line will be doing business to Amasa Crossing, its temporary junction with the Lake Shore and the Michigan Southern, forty-four miles west of Erie, by Fet. 10, and that the route will be used for the coal trade to Buffalo, N. Y., until the extension is completed to connect with the Nickel Plate road at Girard, twelve miles west of Erie, not later than April 15, 1888.

Desirous of Being Official Engrossers.

Chief Examiner Potts, of the Municipal Civil-Service Board, yesterday examined twenty-five candidates for the position of engrossing clerk to the Excise Board. The salary is \$1,200 a year, The examination consists almost entirely in tests of penmanship.

Tips from " The World's" Ticker. " Sell 'em on every rally," was the bear cry to-

Western Union is now the principal bullish feature in the market.

The dividends on Northwest common and preferred are payable to-day.

ferred are payable to-day.

The sales of stocks at the New York Stock Exchange up to noon to-day aggregated 67, 600 shares.

A buil specialist in Lackswanna says that Cammack had recently covered 5,000 shorts in that

American securities were weak in London to-day and aim set all showed a decline from last night's closing priors.

Col. H. T. Douglas, of Baltimore, has been chose Second Vice-President of the Baltimore and On in the place of Mr. King, who resigned. The slashing out made by the Chicago and Alton in the Southwest has made Western speculators nervous, and the tone at Chicago is bearish.

The new issue of bonds in the Reading reorganization scheme will be ready on Jan. 5. It is said that all arrangements have been made for placing them. them.

The market was "off" again at the opening this morning, except in a few specialties, and as a contrast to yesterday's increased activity there is a prospect of extra dulness to-day.

"Deacon" White will be in the market again during the holicay recess of Congress, and it is rumored that he will hangurate the long-expected and much-talked-of buil campaign.

Logal bare are afreid to sail the Congress.

Local bears are afraid to seil the Grangers be-cause it is thought that a settlement of rate dif-ferences would not be so difficult a taing to accom-plish in spite of all the talk on the other side. It is reported that the Hocking Valley decision will result in the Burke party turning over to the company the \$5.000,000 in securities which it now holds and enabling the new management to go

ahead and build up the property. The bears say that Heading will so below 60 if the strike among the miners occurs, and this, they claim, is unavoidable. A special from Philadelphia to-day states that the coal men on the Reading docks in that city have already struck.

ANXIOUS EYES SCAN THE SEAS

NO NEWS TET RECEIVED FROM THE DERE-

Three Steam Vessels New Searching the Ocean for the Formidable Monster-Apprehensions Lest the First Tidings be Ac-Inquiries Made at Shipping Centres.

LICT TIMBER RAFT.

Shipping men, merchants and people who have friends on the ocean examined THE World carefully this morning to learn if the great raft of timber, which was abandoned by the steamship Miranda some two hundred miles southeast of New York last Saturday, was still adrift.

News is anxiously awaited from the big tugboat C W. Morse, which set out from the foot of Sixth street, Williamsburg, yesterday in search of it.

The raft is built of immense logs of spruce. the centre or anchor log being a tree seventyfive feet long, with a thickness of three and one-half feet at the base and ten inches at the top, and there is not a piece of timber in the raft less than twenty-five feet long.

Fifty-four tons of chains were used in lashing the timbers together, and the launching of the raft in the Bay of Fundy, Nova Scotia, Nov. 15, was heralded as the first move in a revolution of the method of lumber-shipping from the Canadian timber regions to this and neighboring ports.

The raft is composed of 30,000 pieces of

neighboring ports.

The raft is composed of 30,000 pieces of timber, or enough to make cargoes for 100 vessels of 100 tons each. It is longer than the largest ocean steamer, draws more water, and is of about equal width.

It took six months to build it. The process of making the raft is patented by H. R. Robertson. The raft is worth \$150,000 and is owned by James D. Leary, the ship-builder and lumberman, It was to have been brought up the Sound and anchored in Flushing Bay. It was floated safely down the coast of Maine for about two hundred miles and there met by the steamship Mirands, which was to tow the monster the rest of the way. But in the gale of Saturday the big hawsers broke and the raft was abandoned.

To cast a six-foot log into New York Bay is a misdemeanor, but it is no legal offense to abandon a big raft at sea.

The mass of lumber would not ordinarily drift further than a mile an hour. Should a steamer strike it the result would be terrible.

All the shipping and steamship companies having offices in New York have cabled to their European offices giving warning of the vagabond raft, but there are many vessels nearing this shore with precious freight to whose commanders the drifting timber pile is unknown, and much worry is consequent upon this fact.

How much concern is felt by shippers may

rownose commanders the dritting timber pile is unknown, and much worry is consequent upon this fact.

How much concern is felt by shippers may be judged by the fact that the revenue cutter Grant and the war steamer Enterprise have joined with the powerful Morse in searching the ocean wilderness for the derelict mass of timber.

There are scores of visitors at the Ship News Office and the offices of Supt. Houghton, of the Maritime Exchange, and Lieut. Cottman, of the Hydrographic Office, anxiously inquiring for news of the floating reef.

The Morse is 165 feet long, 31 feet beam and 17 feet deep—the largest and strongest tug on the Atlantic coast. Should she run across the dangerous derelict she will attempt to tow it into port with a thirteen-inch wire hawser. No ordinary vessel could begin to handle the bundle of timber in anything but the fairest, stillest weather, and that is not the sort of weather to be looked for for some days.

not the sort of weather to be looked for for some days.

The present or approximate whereabouts of the raft is unknown, though the opinion prevails that it cannot have drifted very far from the place where she was last seen.

The winds have been from a generally westerly direction since Saturday last, with but little variation. The raft may have been blown out into the Gulf Stream, and if that is so the timber is now on its way to Iceland. is so the timber is now on its way to Iceland.

More probably, however, and here lies the cause of the anxiety among shippers, the mass is still drifting in the pathway followed by the transatlantic steamers, and near enough to these shores to be dangerous also to coastwise craft.

IS IT A WARLIKE MEASURE?

Belgian Steamship Lines to Dismiss Their English Captains and Employ Germans. There was considerable excitement in maritime

circles yesterday over a rumor that there is to be a wholesale dismissal of English captains and under officers now commanding Belgian steamships, who are to be supplianted by German officers. There are several steamship lines in the Belgian merchant marine, the principal one being the ited Star Steamship Company and the Belgiam and Congo line, which is known as "Stanley's line," The Red Star feet is made up of nine steamships, all of which are registered Al at Lloyd's, and two new steamers will be added to the line steamers of the line are the Waesland, 4,762 tons; Westernland, 4,000 tons; Pennland, 2,700 tons; Rhynland, 3,000 tons, and three steamers of less tonage. The boats of this line run from Antwerp to New York Peter Wright & Sons are the New York agents for the company. A gentleman who is prominent in steamship circles, who mas just arrived here from London, informed a World Preporter that some indignation prevails there among seafaring officers and others interested in shipping over the impending change of officers, as many of the men have had command of the steamers for years. In English shipping circles, he said, the opinion is general that, the prospective changes have a decidedly political sheet, as the steamers are to be manned by German officers, he said, the opinion is general that, the prospective changes have a decidedly political sheet, and as the steamers are to be manned by German officers, it is to be assumed that in the event of an outbreak of hostilities between Russia. Austria and Germany, Belgium will stand by Germany and in turn will be supported by the latter.

The only reason then that can be arrived at in English, he said, is that the proposed wholesale changes are for the purpose of having the steamers changed into transports and swift cruisers.

Although Belgium has no navy she has quite a large merchant marine, consisting of thirty first-class from steamships, seventy-five saling ships and about three hundred fishing vessels. The steamships are nearly all fast acrew vessels and circles yesterday over a rumor that there is to be a wholesale dismissal of English captains and

Pennsylvania Puritans Celebrate.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22.—The seventh annual festival of the New England Society of Pennsylvania was given at the Continental Hotel to-night, and was given at the Continental Hotel to-night, and was attended by the largest number of members ever present at an annual dinner in the history of the society, 220 people seating themselves at the board. The menu was an elaborate one, and during the discussion of it benator William M. Evarts, of New York; Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, and Gov. Beaver, of this State, made speeches. Letters of regret were read from John G. Whittier, Oilver Wensell Holmes, Gen. A. G. Terry, Surrogate Rollins, of New York; Mayor Fitier, of this city; Hon. Joseph H. Chamberlain, of England, and an almusingly humorous one from Robert G. Burdette in the old Yankee dialect.

Twenty-Six Sallors Drowned in a Wreck. ceived yesterday from the United States Consul at Barbadoes that the ship Alfred Watts, bound from Philadelphia to Hiogo, Japan, with 500,000 gallons of petroleum, was capsized during a terrific nurricane when but ten days out of port. Twenty-six of the crew were drowned, and but two were

SOLD HIS BODY FOR DRINK.

Strange Story of the Headless Body of

While the freight men at Victor Station, a little south of Palmyra, N. Y., were handling a barrel yesterday morning addressed to "John G. Hawks, No. 305 West Twentyninth street, New York," the head was knocked off. The men were amazed to find the nude body of an old man.

The body was headless. It was the body of an old, shiftless fellow, Harrison Stamper, who was a drunkard and a public charge for who was a drunkard and a public charge for years. The old boy had sold his body to a young doctor of the neighborhood, James M. Marshall. for two gallons of whiskey. Marshall cut the head off and shipped the decapitated body to the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York.

A Wobld reporter called at 305 West Twenty-ninth street to-day. No Mr. Hawks lived there, and no doctor or medical student lodged in the house. The woman who had charge of the house said that on last Monday a man about thirty years old engaged a room.

charge of the house said that on last Monday a man about thirty years old engaged a room, saying that he did not intend to occupy it often, but wished to have a place to keep his instruments and where things could be sent.

He was a well-dressed, suave young man. He said that he was a nurse He gave no name or address. He has not been heard from since.

"As he left no deposit, the room is not really his," said the landlady, "and if any of his old boxes with corpses in them come here they can wait on the sidewalk. That is a nice sort of Christmas box."

At the College of Physicians and Surgeons no box of the kind had been received. The nearest approach to the name on the list of students was James Marshall Hawks, who knew nothing about the body.

students was James Marshall Hawks, who knew nothing about the body.

"One of my students would hardly do such a thing," said the clerk, E. T. Brag, "since he knows the penalty for such an act. Our bodies are received from the Commissioners of Charity and Correction, and although we do not get enough, such a course as that would not be followed."

If James G. Hawks really is waiting for the old man without a head, who shuffled off his mortal coil with the merry aid of two gallons of whiskey, he probably will call for his Christmas box at the station, as 305 West Twenty-ninth street knows him not.

MR. MANNING'S VITALITY.

Physicians Greatly Surprised at His Marvellous Strength. [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 23,-Daniel Manning's condition is about the same as yesterday. Dr. Hun and the other physicians express astonishment at the vitality shown by Mr. Manning. The doctor, how-ever, gives no encouragement. He thinks the end must come soon. During part of the might Mr. Manning was conscious, but early this morning he dropped

At 10.30 there was no change,

HE SAYS BLAINE CAN'T BE ELECTED. Whapton Barker Thinks the Party Ought Not

to Take a Desperate Risk. [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.] PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22. - Wharton Barker, the

nancier who is a partner in the big Chinese syndicate, is a candidate for the Seventh Congressiona District for delegate to the Republican National Convention. In an address to the Republicans of Montgomery County he says:

The practical questions in American polities are; Shall the Democratic coutrol of the Freedency extend beyond the present term? Shall the now slender Republican majority in the Senate be lost? Shall the perpetuation of the Democratic administration, with the loss of the Senate, change the Supreme Court?

He says that those men who were bound to nom-inate Blaine in 1884 and force, him on the conven-tion are still active, and he thinks it would be too great a peril to let these men control things again. He further says:

He further says:

Mr. Blaine was beaten in 1884. I fear he would be beaten again. I sak you to consider whather you desire beaten again. I sak you to consider whather you desire to inself and the same of the sa he commands the entuusiasm of the people more than he did in 1884? Does any one believe that it is possible to bring to him any new elements of support? Does any one believe that other public men and Republican leaders have greater countdence in him now than in 1884? Does any one believe that he can carry in 1885 any better than in 1884 the bitate of New York, the State of Connecticut, the State of New York, the State of Ionnecticut, the State of New York, the State of Indiana? Does any one want to trust to the secidents of a campaign, and can the party afford to turn to Virginia, North Carolina or Tennessee in order to compensate for the risks taken in the North? I say now, and I know that I am speaking for many Republicans, that the momnaiton of Mr. Blaine would be a desperate experiment. He has had his candidacy, and new alloyally supported by every element of the party that believed in the dectrine of protection to American interests. In the equal rights of man and in the protection of man in those rights. He tailed through no fault of thours, and therefore he cannot justly ask them to enter with him again of such a venture.

Mr. Barker says he would willingly support either

Mr. Barker says he would willingly support either John Sherman, Gen. Hawley, or Gen. Harnson. He supported Bisine after his nomination in 1884 and did all that lay in his power to secure his election.

DICK CONNOLLY'S PROPERTY.

A New York Lawyer's Visit to Pittsburg-Is This the Reason For It ?

PITTERURG, Dec. 22. -An afternoon paper to-day says: "About ten days sgo a New York lawyer arrived in Pittsburg ostensibly to look over some papers filed in a case in the United States Court. He spent several days in the city, and during that time made some peculiar inquiries. The purpose of this investigation was to discover whether there was any real estate or other property standing in the name of the heirs of Richard B. Connolly of Richard Connolly, jr., here. No such property Richard Connolly, Jr., here. No such property could be found. The nature of the inquiry was then coanged, and a local attorney was asked to ascertain if any investments of any kind had ever been made in Pittaburg. This also resulted in a failure and the New Yorker went away. Whether he had anything to do with the New York suits against Connolly is not known, but the surmise that he had such connection is natural. Richard Connolly, Jr., was married in this city twenty years ago to a well-known lady of Pittaburg, who died soon after the collapse of the Tweed ring. The young couple had a son and daughter, who are still living, and for years have resided in this city.

Edgar A. Turrell, as counsel for Undernill, Slote & Cornell, the retail clothlers, obtained from Judge Truax yesterousy an attachment against the property of Mrs. Mary J. Hutchings, wife of ex-Surrogate Hutchings and daughter of Richard B. Connolly, of Tweed ring fame. The claim is for \$506, the unpaid balance of two promissory notes for \$500 each made by Mrs. Hutchings. They were payable on demand to her own order and indorsed by her. Mr. Turrell in an affidavit sets forth that two judgments for \$2.296.67 and \$3.479.11 were obtained against Mrs. Hutchings by Richard M. Vergera on Nov. 18, 1883. Executions were returned unsatisfied. In this case her husband was cited to appear for examination in supplementary proceedings, at being alleged that his wife had secreted diamonds and other securities with intent to defraud her creditors. An order was issued for his arrest Dec. 21, 1883. He escaped arrest by going to Europe. It is alleged that after the docketing of the judgments Mrs. Hutchings, with intent to defraud her creditors, deposited with Tiffany & Co. various wares in the name of Mrs. Ristor, an alleged sister; that the latter is not her sister; and the goods so deposited are Mrs. Hutchings's.

Open for an Hour on Monday. according to the order of Secretary Fairchild, just received by Collector Magone, except between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock in the morning, when it will be opened for the clearance of vessels and other necessary business.

ACTOR, LADY AND BROKER.

MR. BARRY MORE INSISTS IT WAS HIS DUTY TO THEASH MR. VISE.

Relierating That His Friend's Wife Was Insulted at Dinner-The Wall Street Man is Invisible, but His Companion Insists That There Was no Misconduct-Wall Street and the Blatta Interested.

Both Wall street and the Rialto are laughing to-day over the sanguinary encounter which occurred last evening at the Old Knickerbocker Cottage.

The laugh is hearty on both sides, but with this difference, that the laugh of the Rialto is with and that of Wall street is at its man.

The encounter took place between Maurice Barrymore, actor and playwright, now the leading man of Mrs. Langtry's company at the Grand Opera-House, and young Arthur F. Vyse, of the stock-broking firm of Vyse Brothers, who have elegant offices on the first floor of the Aldrich Court Building and are members of the Consolidated Stock

Exchange.

Mr. Vyse is twenty-five years of age, 6 feet
1 inch in height, weighs more than two hundred pounds, is a graduate of Columbia College, and has hitherto enjoyed the reputation

dred pounds, is a graduate of Columbia College, and has hitherto enjoyed the reputation
of being an athlete.

Mr. Barrymore is much smaller, is middleaged and of rather sedentary habits.
In spite of these disadvantages, however, it
is the surprising truth that when the encounter
had lasted five minutes Mr. Vyse rose from the
eastern sidewalk of Sixth avenue with a
gash on his forehead, a bruise over his left
eye and with blood streaming from his
mouth and nose.

Mr. Barrymore, strange to say, did not receive any percentible injury, and was able to

ceive any perceptible injury, and was able to walk to the Grand Opera-House and play his accustomed part in "As in a Looking-Glass." There are of course different versions of the story, but they all agree in these partic

the story, but they all agree in these particulars.

Broker Arthur F. Vyse and his friend, Frank Beebe, bookkeeper for Brown Bros. & Co., the bankers, of No. 59 Wall street, were seated at a table in the north wing of Jacquin's restaurant in the Knickerbocker Cottage at 7.30 o'clock last evening.

At an adjoining table sat Maurice Barrymore, with a gentleman and the latter's wife. All entered about the same moment, ordered dinner and the first course had been served by the respective waiters.

In a short time the lady was noticed to be acting in a nervous manner, and she com-

acting in a nervous manner, and she com-plained of a man staring at her in an annoy

ing way. Where Favorite Colors Come From.

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]
A well-known artist gave me some curious information the other day regarding the sources from which the colors one finds in a paint-box are dewhich the colors one ands in spansova are derived. Every quarter of the globe is ransacked for
the materials—animal, vegetable and mineral—empoyed in their manufacture. From the cochinesi
insect are obtained the gorgeous carmine, as well
as the crimson, sesriet and purple lakes. Sepia
is the inky fluid discharged by the cuttlefish, to
render the water opaque for its own concealment
when a tacked. Indian yellowis-from the urive of
the camel. Ivory biack and bone black are madeout of ivory citps. The exquisite Prussian blue is
got by fusing horses' hoofs and other refuse animal
matter with impure potassium carbonate it
was discovered by an accident. In the
vegetable kingdom are incitized the lakes, derived
from roots, barks and gums. Blue-black is from
the charcoal of the vine-stalt. Lampblack is soot
from certain resinous substances. From the
madder plant, waich grows in Hindustan, is manufactured Turkey red. Gambloge comes from the
yellow sap of a tree, which the natives of Siam
catch in coconaut shells. Haw sicena is the natural cartifform the neighborhood of Sienna, Italy.
When burned it is burnt sienna. Haw umber is an
earth from Umbria and is also burned. To these
vegetable pigments may probably be added Indian
ink, which is said to be made from burnt camphor.
The Chinese, who alone can produce it, will not
reveal the secret of its composition. Massio—the
base of the varnesh so ca led—is from the gum of
the massio tree, indigenous to the Greclan archipelago. Bistre is the soot of wood ashes. Of real ived. Every quarter of the globe is ransacked for base of the various so called—a from the gum of the manile tree, indigenous to the Grecian archi-pelago. Bistre is the soot of wood ashes. Of real nitramarine but little is found in the market. It is obtained from the precious lapis lazuli and com-mands a fabulous price. Chinese white is zinc, forgite is nodice of mercury, and changlar or scarlet is inclide of mercury, and cinnapar, or native vermilion, is from quicksliver ore. Luckily for the health of small children, as my friend the artist remarked, the water colors in the cueap boxes usually bought for them have little or no re-lation chemically to the real pigments they are in-

How to Make the Christmas Pudding.

[From a Ladies' Journal.]
The following makes a rich and delicious pudling: Prepare one pound of currants by washing them through three waters, and the same quantity of raisins by removing the seeds. Side fine one-half pound of ciron, and chip into bits one-half pound of mixed orange and lemon peel. Sprinkle one-quarter of a pound of flour over one pound of beef suct from which all bits of skin have been removed, and chop to a coarse powder. As soon as the currants are perfectly dry place them in a leep stirring dish, add the raisins, the curron, chopped peel, and one-quarter of a pound of flour, and stirutil the flour all scheres to the frait. Next add the suct, half a pound of fine bread-crumbs, and one pound of sugar, into which has been thoroughly stirred one teaspoonful of baking-powder, one salt-spoon of salt, the grated rind of one lemon, one grated nutmer, a quinter of a teaspoonful of cloves, and one teaspoonful of clones amon. Stir into the fruit, then add eight eggs, and if the eggs are not sufficient to mix into a very stiff batter, add a very little mik. Flour a podding cloth, turn in the batter, tie tightly, and put into a pot of boiling water. Boil without stopping for five hours. them through three waters, and the same quantity

Jake Sharp in Rome.

ROME, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sharp have arrived in this city. They reached here at 7.30 this morning on the train that left New York at 11 o'clock last night.

Oblinary Notes.

Dr. N. B. Larch, Mayor of Nebraska City, Neb., proment in State politice, died suddenly last night. inent in State pointies, died suddenly last night.

Henry Helleriegel, a prominent German citizen of Bufsio, died Wednesday, aged sizy three years. He was
President of the German-American Bank.
George W. Mellvaine, Judge of the Supreme Gourt of
Ohio for fifteen years, died at his home in New
Philadelphia yeaterday of paralysis, aged sizy-five.

Rev. Thomas Winter, D. D., died Wednesday in Rozborough, near Philadelphia, in his minetieth year.

His church wurk began when a boy in England, where he
was born. He had been physically infirm for several
years.

His church work began when a boy in England, where he was born. He had been physically infirm for several years.

Joseph Tun Ryck, one of the oldest and most successful colored husiness men of this city, died of paralysis well-saday morning, at No. 1-9 Macdongal street. Mr. Ten Eyck started in the catering business downtown rears ago. He was born in 1850; at Rad Hook, Llyingston Manor, N. Y., and belonged to the founder of the well-known Lavingston family. Ten Eyck was forced by dircumstances to labor hard at the early ago of eight years, and a few years later obtained a position as staward upon one of the European steamers. Leaving that he entered business in this city, and soon amassed a competency estimated at \$60,000 or \$70,000. He ceiebrated his golden wedding five years ago. He will be buried from his late residence on Macdongal street Saturday, at 1 o'clock. The remains will be intered in his own plot in 8t. Philip's ground at Cypress Hills Comstery.

D., Fardinand Vandevoer Hay den died at his residence in Philadelphia yesterday after an illness which has confined him to his room for over a year and a half. He was a distinguished scientist and was widely known as a geologist. He was born, of Puritan descent, in Westfield, Mass., Sept. 7, 1820; emigrated to Ohio, on the westfield, Mass., Sept. 7, 1820; emigrated to Ohio, on the Westfern Reserve, at an early age, was brought up on a farm and educated at the common schools. He always a farm and educated at the common schools. He always and the analysis of the other scientific scientises of America, and hour rary and corresponding member of a large number of scientific bodies foolings in 1853. America, and hour rary and corresponding member of a large number of scientific bodies. To residence when the supplication of the great than twenty years in the asploration of the great twent. Among his publications were "The Great West! He and the supplication and Heaver and Corresponding member of a large number of the America, and hour rary and corresponding member



NOW AND THEN. Change of Fashion in New Englan

SMITH WAS A NOTED BURGLAR.

The Remarkable Career of a Man Now Jall in Newark, N. J.

remarkably successful criminal, who calls himself Henry Smith, is awaiting trial in Newark, N. J., for several burglaries. He has been seen by "Jimmy" Johnson, a Sing Sing detective, and identified as one of the most noted burglars and jail-breakers in the country. Smith has made several daring escapes, his last being from Caldwell penitentiary on Nov. 8, on which occasion penitentiary on Nov. 3, on which occasion. Thomas Wallace, who also tried to escape, was killed by a keeper. Smith was arrested sept. 15, 1865, under the name of Joseph Lambers, for burgiary in New York, and got two years and a half in Sing Sing, which he served. On Sept. 14, 1898, he was awarded five years in Dannemora prison for burgiary in Clinton County, N. Y., under the name of Joseph Acker. After spending a short time there he escaped. He was afterwards captured, and he threw red pepper in the deputy's eyes and escaped again. He was caught, however, and served his term out.

Since then he has continued in a crooked life, and served a term at Trenton for a burgiary in Jersey City. As John Johnson he was sentenced to three years in Brooklyn in June, 1884, for burglary. In October, 1885, he left Kings County prison, and on Dec. 28, 1886, he was again found guilty of burglary in Brooklyn and was sentenced to fifteen years in Sing Sing. The Eccepta were so afraid that he would casape that the authorities had him transferred to Auburn in January, 1887. In May last he leaped from a building forty feet nigh at Auburn and escaped. Then he visited Newark and began working there.

Detective Congrove traced several robberies to Smith, and found him, by following a woman named Kitty Leonard, at the bouse in which she lived with Smith unier the name of Howard. Cosgrove, with Sergt, Boylan and Detective Carroll, arrested Smith and the woman, she being held as a witness. Thomas Wallace, who also tried to escape, was

Died in a Station-House. John B. A. Rogers, an emaciated looking man, about fifty-five years old, was put off a surface car in Fulton street, Brooklyn, last evening, for being intoxicated.

He wandered to the corner of Fulton and Tillars streets, where he was found by a polle-man and taken of e Pi st Predict station-house. After the usual questions has been put to him he was taken downst-ars and place in a cell. dead. Alcoholism is supposed to have caused his death. The dead man at one time owned some property in Brooklyn, but in recent years he exchanged it for land in Jersey City. He had it heavily mortgaged. He lived at Gravesend, L. L., with his wife.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD. CARLISLE, Pa., Dec. 22.—A very brilliant wedding took place in St. John's Episcopal Church, at his city, yesterday. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. B. Morrow, and the contracting par ties were Lieut. John Guilfoyle, of the Ninth Cav ary, stationed at rortress Monroe, and Miss Susan Lane, the daughter of Col. Wm. Lane, of Carinsic, A great many army officers were present. The groom's best man was Leut. W. A. Gaibrath, of the Fitth Artillery, stationed at New York Harbor, and Miss Christine Biddle, of Philadelphia, acted as maid of honor.

The \$8,000,000 Worth of Stock is Secure.

COLUMBUS. O., Dec. 22.—Judge Evans, of the Court of Common Pleas, to-day decided the Hock-ing Valley suit, involving \$8,000,000, in favor of the ing valley son, involving as seen, in refused to dissolve the injunction. John Snaw, of New York, the president of the road, wanted a perpetual injunction issued restraining Judge Burke and other from disposing of \$6,000,000 worth of stock alleged to have been fraudulently received, and the decision is a factor of Saw.

ion is in favor of Snaw. Mrs. Taber Doesn't Like Mr. Taber.

ispecial to the world, i Boston, Dec. 22.—Mrs. Taber set everybody alking in the Downs back-salary suit to-day by turning her back on her late husband as he sat in the chair next to her own. She was on the stand this morning, but testified to nothing of consequence. Sexton Tarbeil, of the church, awore that the bunting on the lounge in Downs's study was a myth. The direct evid noe seems to be about all in and the arguments will probably be-cin Monday.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 22.—A terrible explo-sion of gas occurred in the Nottingbam mine at promoth last evening. A party of six miners en-tered a breast where the ventilation was defective and wave gas and accumulated. A miner who carried a naked lamp caused the gas to explode and six men were seriously burned. Their names are John Rowland, James Davis, Richard Davis, James Kelley, Davis Hughes, David Davis,

Little Left of the Cold Wave. WASHINGTON, Dec. 22



WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.

-Indications for twentyfour hours, commencing
at 3 P. M. to-day:
For Connecticut, colder,
generally fair weather;
fresh to brisk westen: winds, diminishing in force and becoming vari-

temperature on Saturday. For Eastern Sew York, colder, fair weather, fresh variable winds, followed on Salurday by rising temperature, and in the northern portion by southerly toinds,

ONE DEAD, THE OTHER DYING.

HE FATE OF AN AG D REAL ISTATE AGENT AND HIS WIFE.

James Miller Found Dead in His Home in Sixteenth Street—His Dying Wife Lying Beside Him-Evidences of a Struggle in the Rooms - A Window Open Leading to the Yard-A Mysterious Case Now Under Investigation.

James Miller, a real estate broker, about seventy years of age, was found dead at his residence, 357 West West Sixteenth street, at 8.30 A. M. to-day. His wife, iu a dying con-

dition, lay beside him. The wife was removed to the New York Hospital and Coroner Eidman was notified. Shortly after 8 o'clock a letter-carrier knocked at Mr. Miller's door, which is on the first floor. He received no response to his repeated rapping and detected a strange

This aroused his suspicion and he called

snoring inside

the family that live upstairs.
Policeman Higgins, of the West Twentieth street station, was called and he forced the door open.

everything in disorder and Miller lying dead on the floor, his head towards a door leading to the yard, and his wife lying alongside of him.

On entering the room the officer found

An ambulance was hurridly called from the New York Hospital, whither the woman was removed.

Coroner Eidman was then called and Dep-

uty Coroner Scholer responded.
Dr. Scholer said that he found everything in the apartment in disorder. Furniture was broken and articles that should have been on the stove were scattered about the room. Broken crockery was thrown all over the floor. The doctor said that he found a win-dow, which is very nearly on the level with

the yard, open.

Mrs. Miller had several severe gashes about her face and was unable to speak when she was found. The neighbors say that she has been suffering from insanity for about one

year.

The Millers are said to be wealthy, and there is evidence of foul play somewhere. The police are investigating the case.

YOUNG M'NEALLY NABBED. He was Found and Arrested at Halifax Early this Morning.

ISPECIAL TO THE WORLD. HALIPAN, N. S., Dec. 23.-Frank C. Mc-Neally, the Saco Bank robber, is arrested. He had just finished his breakfast and had returned to his room in the Hotel Halifax when Detective Power, of this city, rushed in and had him under arrest in a twinkling. The arrest was precipitated by the arrival

of the Boston Globe correspondent here last night. As soon as the Globe reporter arrived he was the object of strictest surveillance, and the English detectives, who have been watching McNeally for several days, fearing that the bird might have flown or be captured by an

American, at once pounced upon him and ran him to the City Marshal's office in double-

him to the City Marshal's office in double-quick time.

McNeally shook like an aspen as he went from the hotel. There is no doubt about McNeally's identity.

The American Consulat Halifax has in-formed Mr. McGrath, the Globe's correspon-dent, that he is entitled to the \$7,000 reward. Young Frank McNeally was a clerk in the Saco National Bank at Saco, Me. He was a member of one of the churches in the city, and held in such high esteem by the bank officials that he was intrusted with the free-dom of the institution when the cashier was away.

Several months ago the cashier of the ban on entering one afternoon was surprised and chargined to find all the available cash and numerous bonds, all amounting in value to not less that \$270,000, missing. McNeally was

nowhere to be found.

He was traced to Halifax and lately negotiations have been pending between him and the bank officials looking to a return of the bonds, McNeally's brother acting as the go-

Receivers For a Life Insurance Company. [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
HARTFORD, CORR., Dec. 23.—Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Lerrin A. Cooke, of Riverton, and ex-Congressman John R. Buck, of this city, were to-day apman soun is. Buck, of this city, were to-day ap-pointed receivers of the wrecked Continental Laf-insurance Company. The latter was appoin ed in the interests of policy-holders. The Grand Jury just night found true bills for false entires and false returns against President S. Parsons, now in Canada, Secretary Robert E. Beecher and Book-keeper Isaac W. Hakes.

Mr. Sage Claims the First Choice. At a meeting of the committee in charge of the

memorial to Mr. Beecher last evening, a letter was read from Henry W. Sage, of Ithaca, saying that read from Henry W. Sage, of Itaaca, saying takes
Mr. Sage could not unite with the committee in the
selection of a site for the monument to Mr.
Beecher. Mr. Sage ass ried that he and Mr.
Beecher some years ago selected the site for the
Sage memorial, and that it was the same alte
which the committee now has in view. A subcommittee was appointed to confer with Mr. Sage
and Mrs. Beecher and her calidren concerning the
matter.

Reformers from Albany.

C. B. Andrews, Jno. S. North, F. O. Shepherd,

W. Frothingsam and T. B. Wolcott, a committee from Albany, are visiting this city for the purpose of becoming familiar with the workings of the Society for the Suppression of Vice. The gentle-men were mer by Capt, Vostung, of the society, who escorted them to the floffman House, where a col-lation was served last evening.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS IN BRIEF. A bill was introduced yesterday by Senator Voor-hees to extend the laws of the United States over the public 1-m; strip south of the Indian Territory. It also creates the laud district of Cimarron.

Harvey McKenna continued his run of 2,497 in his match game of billiards with Eames, in Hoston, inst night, increasing his run to 2,572 points. This makes his record 1,014 points ahead of the world's heat

makes his record 1,014 points ahead of the world's best.

A natural-gas explosion occurred in the cottage of James Lundy, at Findlay, O., last night. Lundy and two childen were body burned, but will recover. A little two-year-old daughter was killed and Mra Lundy cannot survive.

The town of Caledonia Dak, is badly fright-ened over the alleged ghost of Chet Clarks, who died some time ago, A bartender in Mr. Clarke's saloon naw the ghost come up to the bar as if to order a drink, and then disappear.

Six months ago, a bartender in Manchester, N. Y., solo his body to J. M. Marshall, a medical stadent, for whisk-y. Upon the old man's death a few days ago, Marshall cut off the head, pseked the body in a cask and shipped it to New York City. William Horn, of Greenville, Pa., wounded a large bawk on Monday, which he ca tured and tied to the leg of a table in his kineau. Hards eight months old baby came within reach of the bird, who immediately attacked the inians, upon which it indicted fatal injuries.